SEPTEMBER 29, 1768. THE NUMBER 906.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the latest ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE. —— *Suet.* in *Tib.* S. 28.

Printed by *ALEX. PURDIE*, and *JOHN DIXON*, at the POST OFFICE.

On the Recovery of ſome Ladies in *Norfolk* from the *SMALLPOX*.

Addreſſed to Mrs. AITCHESON.

MADAM, permit an humble muſe to pay,
At bright Hygeia's ſhrine, the votive lay;
Since, ſpite of all th' ignoble vulgars rage,
Whom worth nor blooming innocence aſſuage;
Whoſe ſavage breaſts, to generous ſenſe unknown,
Relentleſs hear the ſickening virgin's moan;
Relentleſs ſee the mother's keen diſtreſs,
Whoſe trembling infants to their boſoms preſs;
While furious fevers ſcorch their tender frames,
And fire each nerve with peſtilential flames;
Who could, by force, your ſofter ſex expoſe
While night's dun ſhades the noxious ſpheres encloſe;
While dreary glooms with doubling terrour lower,
And gaping clouds their gathering torrents pour;
While Jove's red arm tremendous thunder wields,
And with bright horrour all th' horizon gilds;
Since, ſpite of all your deſperate foes prepare,
All ills you 'ſcape, through her peculiar care.
Unfeeling monſters! could no milder time
Give guilt ſufficient to your coward crime?
No fairer hours your iron ſouls engage,
'Gainſt ſickening females to let looſe your rage?
No virgin's tears, no matron's prayers prevail?
No beam of pity through your boſoms ſteal?
Can wife or daughter to that breaſt be dear
Which female wo can unrelenting hear?
Not men, but monſters, ſure your dangers cauſe!
Their boſoms recreant to all ſocial laws!
No human breaſt unmov'd with grief remains
While mild endearing AITCHESON complains,
Whoſe lively wit and gay good ſenſe can give
To deſperate Cynicks e'en the wiſh to live.
While PARKER, kind and tender as the dove,
Her ſoul all harmony and ſocial love;
Dear in each intercourſe of ſocial life,
The much lov'd ſiſter, parent, friend, and wife.
And thou, fair opening bloom of loveline's,
Whom Nature does with charms profuſive dreſs,
Whoſe opening morn preludes a day divine,
Where wiſdom, wit, and beauty's beams, ſhall ſhine,
Say, ſhall the muſe with friendly voice proclaim
The young, the beauteous AITCHESON, to fame?
Say, charming nymph, ſhall ſweet Thalia ſing,
Young, lovely NANCY, round Pieria's ſpring?
Enchanting TUCKER too —— take breath my muſe,
The niceſt notes, the ſofteſt numbers chooſe;
Cull all the beauteous images of May,
Her orient mildneſs of new-riſing day,
Her radaint ſplendour of expanded noon,
The brighteſt luſtre of her ſilver moon,
Bid all creation's beauteous forms prepare
To give an emblem of this matchleſs fair!
And, ſhould her ſoul in muſick's ſounds be dreſt,
Call down ſome angel from the realms of reſt;
Let him thy voice with heavenly ſkill inſpire,
'To paint the mildeſt of th' empyrial choir;
Let all be gay, be lovely, and ſerene,
All charms without, all elegance within.
Should ſuch, when labouring with the fever's heat,
The fierceſt ſavage of the woods entreat,
Would he, unfeeling, hear their plaintive ſighs,
And ſee their danger with relentleſs eyes?
Say, would he force them from their midnight beds,
While lowering heaven the ſtormy deluge ſheds?
But hail, Hygeia! thou auſpicious power,
Whoſe ſmiles the world with vows unfeign'd implore,
Attentive watch the innocent and fair,
And virtuous boſom, thy peculiar care.
In form thy DALGLEISH every couch attend,
And to each pulſe thy kind aſſiſtance lend.
Thy zephyr's breath allays the burning rage,
And thine own balms the painful throbs aſſuage.
Thou too, good prieſteſs of the ſacred ſhrine,
With kind indulgence join thine art divine;
With generous conſtancy, and tender care,
Thy pious hands each healing draught prepare.
Intrepid CAMPBELL! let the muſe admire
Thy generous tenderneſs and manly fire,
Whom not the piſtol's levell'd tube could awe,
Though held by hands reſtrain'd by right nor law;
Whoſe matchleſs courage durſt with brandiſh'd blade,
And piſtols cock'd, the trembling fair invade;
Forgetting once that when a youth was near
In equal arms his boſom learn'd to fear.
Courage immenſe! of each arm'd boy afraid,
At female breaſts yet points the warlike blade.
Hygeia hail! accept the votive lay
Which at thy ſhrine the grateful muſe would pay.
Accept our thanks, that virgins, freed from harms,
Regain their vigour and uninjur'd charms;
That mothers claſp, in health and ſafety bleſt,
The ſmiling infant to the joyful breaſt.
Let me, bright Goddeſs! me my tribute pour,
Let me thy ſhrine with grateful hymns adore.
Me, who may all thy ſweeteſt influence feel,
When ſounds melodious through my boſom thrill;
While AITCHESON attunes the winding lays,
And PARKER's voice in warbling ſweetneſs plays.
Me, who once more can lovlieſt charms admire,
And all my breaſt reſign to tender fire,
While lovely TUCKER bloom s in brightening charms,
And every boſom throbs with love's alarms.
Me, who can happy paſs the genial hours
Again in Norfolk's hoſpitable bowers;
Pleas'd, every friend in blooming health ſurvey,
While virgin ſmiles in roſy ſweetneſs play.
But ſtop, my devious muſe——unſtring the lyre,
And bright Hygeia's tender charge admire:
Thy hand too artleſs, and too weak thy voice,
To bid her temple's azure roofs rejoice;
Enough for thee, thoſe friendly vows you made
Your humble zeal has on her altars laid.

LONDON, *July* 5.

IN the dining-room of a Noble Duke, at his country ſeat, over the chimney piece is wrote, in large characters, "whoever talks politicks muſt drink a pint bumper." This is a conſtant cuſtom of his Grace, introduced to prevent party altercation, which that ſubject generally is the cauſe of, even among the moſt intimate friends.

The Genoeſe garriſon of Calvi, which had been relieved by French troops, is arrived at Genoa; and the garriſons of Ajaccio and Boniface were hourly expected.

The garriſons of all the forts in the gulf of San Fiorenzo have been augmented by the Corſicans, who are likewiſe erecting many new batteries and forming magazines there.

JULY 7. According to one of the articles that have appeared of the treaty between France and Genoa, the former engages to put Genoa again in poſſeſſion of the iſle of Capraja. If ſo, the French will be obliged to make war againſt the Corſicans, as there is no likelihood that the latter will voluntarily evacuate that iſland, of which they made the conqueſt laſt year.

JULY 9. A letter from Lincoln, dated July 2d, ſays: "A few days ago a barber in this city, who generally ſhaves for a penny, and has had the good fortune to marry a handſome wife with a trifle of money, happened to call in at a neighbour's, who keeps a ſchool: The children at that time were reading their leſſons, and one of the boys coming to the following paſſage in the New Teſtament, viz. *It is eaſier for a camel to paſs through the eye of a needle than for a rich man to enter into the kingdom of heaven*, the barber ſuddenly ſtarted and turned pale, and in an ecſtaſy of paſſion, with tears cried out, *If that is the caſe, the Lord have mercy upon upon me; what will become of my poor ſoul?*

Letters from Warſaw, of the 15th ult. give us the following account of the confederacy newly formed at Proſnowick, three Poliſh miles from Cracow. The Nobility having aſſembled there, in order to hold the Diet, as ſoon as Maſs was over, which they always begin with, on a ſignal given every one drew their ſabres. A member of the Regency having aſked what they meant by it, was told they were going to confederate. It was in vain he repreſented to them the conſequences; they cried out, "Confederacy! Confederacy!" He aſked them, "would they rebel then againſt the King?" They replied, "no; if the King will join us we will join him, and all preſent ſhall ſign it;" on which the Confederacy was immediately formed.

Extract of a letter from Leghorn, *June* 14.

"We have received advice from Corſica that at the General Aſſembly held at Corte it was reſolved to treat all thoſe as enemies who ſhould make any attempts againſt the liberty of the inhabitants of that kingdom, and to defend with vigour the rights of the country, which have been acquired by the blood of ſo many citizens. Purſuant to this reſolution all the inhabitants are forbidden, on pain of death, to furniſh with proviſion any of the places occupied by the French. The inhabitants of Capraja have likewiſe received orders not to lend their gondolas to the French; and General Paoli has promiſed the inhabitants his protection, and that of the whole nation, and has ſent ſome detachments of troops to the coaſt, to watch the motions of the French. Theſe advices add that the inhabitants of the iſlands are ſo highly animated in the defence of their liberty that the very women offer themſelves to fight againſt all thoſe who would endeavour to reduce them under the yoke of the Genoeſe."

Yeſterday ſome deſpatches, ſaid to be of importance, were received at the Secretary of State's office from Commodore Spry, commander in chief of his Majeſty's ſquadron in the Mediterranean.

Some letters from Leghorn mention that the Genoeſe had been lately thrown into the greateſt conſternation, on the receipt of a memorial from Great Britain.

They write from Genoa that the Senate had received advice that the Corſicans had ſent off their wives, children, and effects, to certain ſtrongholds in the mountains of Nebbio, while the whole ſtrength of the iſland had been muſtered to watch the motions of the French.

Some advices from the Hague mention that the ſubjects of the States General have been threatened with the diſpleaſure of France if they ſhould be guilty of ſupplying the Corſicans any longer with ammunition, artillery, and naval ſtores.

A correſpondent aſſures us that there are now at Plymouth 15 ſhips of the line, and at Portſmouth ten (the leaſt of which are 64 gun ſhips) all rigged, victualled, and in every reſpect ready for ſea, at a minute's warning, beſides ſome large frigates, bomb-ketches, &c.

It is ſaid that the King of Denmark, who is ſhortly expected here, propoſes to ſtay no more than three days in London; after which his Majeſty intends to viſit Bath, Briſtol, Birmingham, and other noted places in this kingdom, and likewiſe to take a view of our principal ſeaports and docks, and then to ſet out on his return home.

Lord Garlies, ſon of the Earl of Galloway, whoſe ſeat was vacated in Parliament for Luggerſhall in Wiltſhire, on being appointed one of the Commiſſioners of the Police in Scotland, is re-elected for the borough.

According to a letter received at Paris from Prambrichou, dated the 23d of July, 1766, from the Biſhop of Canathe, Apoſtolical Vicar of Cochinchina, one of the French miſſionaries, upon his arrival at Camboge learned there that the Barmas (a people under the dominion of the King of Pegou) had entered into Siam, killed the King, burnt and deſtroyed the city, and laid waſte the whole kingdom. The Mandarines were all put to death or made ſlaves, and the Biſhop of Tabacra, who reſided at Siam, was ſent away to Pegou. Thoſe of the Siameſe who eſcaped the ſlaughter are reduced to the greateſt degree of miſery.

JULY 12. One day laſt week, at a certain coffee-houſe, not 100 miles from St. James's, a wager of 100 guineas to 20 was laid that war would be declared between Great Britain on the one part, and France and Genoa on the other, before the 3d day of Auguſt next.

On Saturday 9 coalheavers were tried at the Old Bailey, viz. James Murphy, James Dogan, Thomas Carnan, otherwiſe Carne, John Caſtello, Thomas Davis, James Hammond, Hugh Henley, Michael Doyle, and Thomas Farmar, otherwiſe Terrible; the firſt for the wilful murder of John Beattie, a ſailor, by ſtriking him with a cutlaſs on the head, and the other eight for aiding and aſſiſting him in committing the ſaid murder. Murphy and Dogan were found guilty, and received ſentence immediately, to be executed this day, and their bodies to be diſſected, &c. The others were acquitted. The trial laſted the whole day.

The Rev. Mr. Bennet Allen is appointed Agent and Receiver General of the province of Maryland, of which Lord Baltimore is proprietor, in the room of Edward Lloyd, Eſq; who has reſigned.

Extract of a letter from Berlin, *June* 29.

"Sir Andrew Mitchel, Envoy Extraordinary from the Court of London, is gone to the King at Podſdam, in conſequence of an invitation made him on the part of his Majeſty, but what is the motive of it is abſolutely unknown to the publick."

They write from Gibraltar that a Mooriſh Admiral had juſt entered the Mediterranean with nine ſail of ſtout corſairs, fitted out by the Emperour of Morocco, to cruiſe againſt the ſeveral European powers with whom that Prince is at war.

The news that the Nobleſſe of Samogitia had entered into a Confederacy is confirmed.

An Engliſh Gentleman aſked the Chevalier d'Harcourt whether during the late tumults at Liſle the troops there fired on the townſmen, who had broke open granaries, &c. The Chevalier anſwered, "No, Sir, the French ſoldiers do not fire but on their enemies."

Yeſterday came on at the Old Bailey the trial of Samuel Gillam, Eſq; charged with the murder of William Redburn, who was ſhot in St. George's fields by the ſoldiers at the riot, at the King's Bench on the 10th of May, he having given the order to the ſoldiers to fire. He was acquitted without going into his defence, and the court granted him a copy of his indictment. The court was uncommonly full upon this occaſion. Mr. Gillam was dreſſed in black full trimmed, and wore a tie wig, a chair was ordered for him cloſe to the counſel, and during the courſe of his trial he once fainted away. Sir Fletcher Norton, the Attorney and Solicitor General, on the part of Mr. Gillam; and Mr. Sergeant Glynn, and Mr. Lucas, on the part of proſecution.

A man was robbed and murdered by three coalheavers on Sunday night, in the fields leading into Back lane, Ratcliff; he lived long enough to deſcribe the villains, who it is ſaid are all taken.

We are aſſured that a veſſel is fitted out in the river, with a proper machine on board, to dive for the wreck of the Victory man of war, the rudder of which was lately found on the coaſt of Guernſey.

They write fron Plymouth, of the 3d inſtant, that nine ſhips of the line, with ſeveral ſloops and tranſport veſſels, were completing their lading of military ſtores and proviſions, for a ſpeedy voyage.

A Gentleman juſt landed from France ſays that when he left Paris a report prevailed that the Duke de Choiſeul, the French Prime Miniſter, had been ſtabbed by one of the Princes of the Blood; the occaſion is ſaid to have been as follows. A council was held at Verſailles, in preſence of his Majeſty, at which were preſent, beſides the Miniſters, ſeveral Princes of the Blood. The Prince de C----l made a very pathetick ſpeech on the diſtreſſes which the people laboured under, owing to the dearneſs of proviſions, and the multiplicity of taxes; this ſpeech was anſwered by the *Premier Miniſtre*, in which anſwer he gave the Prince a *flat contradiction*, who inſtantly drew his ſword, and run him through the body.

EDINBURGH, JUNE 18. By a letter from Bourdeaux, of undoubted authority, there fell there, on the 6th current, a ſhower of long black flies, which covered all the ſtreets and tops of the houſes. They were extremely weak and languid, but when laid before the fire, revived and flew about.

On Monday laſt Dr. John Hope was elected Phyſician to the Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh, in the room of Dr. Clerk deceaſed.

Extract of a letter from Aberdeen, *July* 18.

"On Thurſday laſt was brought to town and impriſoned, Anne M'Queen, a vagrant, for ſtabbing John Taylor in Tarves with a large braſs pin, ſo that his life is thought to be in danger."

On Saturday laſt their Graces the Duke and Dutcheſs of Montagu, and the Marquis of Monthermer, arrived at the palace of Dalkeith. This day they came into town, accompanied by their Graces the Duke and Dutcheſs of Buccleugh, and went and viewed the caſtle, the band belonging to the regiment cantoned there, entertaining them with muſick during their ſtay.

On Monday laſt the river of North Eſk was ſwelled to a prodigious ſize, by the water from the hills, which came down in ſuch torrents as carried away every thing before it. Its progreſs was ſo rapid that the women who were bleeching clothes on the river ſide loſt a great part of them, and thoſe that were ſaved was at the hazard of their lives. It broke down dam heads, carried off ſheep and hogs; and, what is truly deplorable, a fine boy, abont 8 years of age, unfortunately periſhed near the bridge at Dalkeith, in preſence of a number of people, who could not afford him the ſmalleſt aſſiſtance, owing to the ſudden and impetuous motion of ſo huge a body of water. The water of Leith was at the ſame time greatly ſwelled, and a good deal of linen clothes carried off by its impetuoſity.

JULY 16. Thurſday laſt the eſtate of Dornoch was ſold publickly, before the Lords of Seſſion, for 20,400 l. to William Alexander, Eſq; merchant here; and the other part of it, called Caſtlemilk, was ſold to John Pringle, Eſq; Writer to the Signet, for 18,000 l.

DUBLIN, JULY 5. In the great rejoicings that were made an account of his Majeſty's birthday, and the battle of the Boyne, ſome coaches were overturned, riders thrown from their horſes, windows broken, women frightened into labour, others had their

faces and eyes burned in a moſt ſhocking and frightful manner, and all this contrary to law and humanity, by the firing of guns, piſtols, ſquibs, and crackers, by unruly apprentice boys and children, whoſe maſters and parents ought to prevent them.

JULY 9. The beautiful ſpire now erecting on St. Werburgh's ſteeple is raiſed above 30 feet, and will be finiſhed by Michaelmas. This noble ſtructure will add greatly to the beauty of the city, and the benefit of the navigation, as it will be ſeen by people many leagues at ſea.

GRENADA, *Auguſt* 13.

LAST Tueſday evening, about 8 o'clock, it began to blow very violent from the N. W. and continued with unabating fury, accompanied with heavy rain and lightning, until near 11. As the wind ſhifted to every point of the compaſs during the ſtorm, there is too much reaſon to fear that it was only the tail of a hurricane, and that ſome of the neighbouring iſlands muſt have ſuffered greatly from its effects. It is not yet poſſible to aſcertain the damage occaſioned by it in this iſland, but by all accounts it muſt be pretty conſiderable, as a number of Nego huts have been blown down, and a great quantity of proviſions, particularly plantains and caſſada, deſtroyed. This town has eſcaped without the leaſt hurt, but the ſhipping in the bay have not been ſo lucky. The damage they have ſuſtained is great, as will appear from the following account.

The brig Lelah and Suſannah, Captain Phineas Stanton, aſhore and bulged. The ſloop Induſtry, Wilkinſon, from Barbados, aſhore and loſt. The ſloop ------, Simſon, from St. Euſtatia, ſunk. The ſloop Prince of Orange, Cooper, belonging to this place, aſhore, but got off, much damaged. The ſnow Molly, Woodburn, belonging to Lancaſter, laſt from Africa, with 140 ſlaves, aſhore in Grand Ance, but it is thought will be got off; the ſlaves were ſaved. The ſhip --------, Captain Troupe, belonging to London, laſt from Antigua, drove on ſhore, but was got off laſt Thurſday with little damage. A ſhallop belonging to Captain Smith, of the ſhip General Woodely, aſhore near Halifax harbour; got of with the loſs of her maſt. The ſloop Sally, Jeremiah Brown, belonging to Rhode Iſland, aſhore at St. Patrick's, but it is thought will be got off. The ſchooner ------, belonging to this place, aſhore at St. Patrick's, and bulged with 8 hogſheads of ſugar on board. The brig Cæſar, Auguſtine Searle, and ſloop Chambord, Thomas Fairwell, drove out of Levera, and ſince arrived here.

Beſides the above we hear that ſome other veſſels have been ſtranded on different parts of the iſland, but have not yet been able to learn the particulars.

The loſs ſuffered on this occaſion by the ſhipping in the bay, it is ſaid, might have been leſs conſiderable, had they had the precaution to put their veſſels in a better ſtate of ſafety, as early in the afternoon the weather was ſqually, and portended a ſtorm; but this may partly be attributed to their not ſuſpecting the gale would be ſo violent, and partly to their not being ſo much on their guard as veſſels commonly are at this ſeaſon in the iſlands where thoſe diſaſters are frequent, this ſtorm being the moſt ſevere that has happened here within the memory of the oldeſt inhabitants.

The Captains of his Majeſty's ſhips did every thing in their power to aſſiſt and relieve thoſe in diſtreſs, and it is in a great meaſure owing to their ſpirited efforts that ſo many veſſels have been got off. Their conduct, in ſhort, on this melancholy occaſion, reflects equal honour on their humanity as on their abilities.

On the 6th inſtant, about 9 o'clock at night, the brig Nancy, Captain George Hamilton, bound from Briſtol to this port, ran aſhore on the iſland of Little St. Vincent, which the Captain miſtook for Carriouacou, and afterwards, by ſome unknown accident, the veſſel took fire, and was totally conſumed. A ſmall part of the cargo is ſaved.

QUEBEC, *Auguſt* 18.

Extract of a letter from Michillimachinack, *to a Gentleman in this city, dated June* 30.

TRADE is very dull here, though we have many traders. All thoſe who wintered between this and the river Miſſiſippi complain of the French and Spaniards at New Orleans having underſold them conſiderably in every article; in conſequence whereof the Indians bordering on that river uſed our traders very ill, plundered many, killed ſeveral Engliſhmen, and one Canadian, for which violence we have two hoſtages of the Sauk nation, who are to remain here until the reſt of their tribe bring in the offenders.

BOSTON, *Sept.* 5.

WE hear by the packet that the greateſt enemy to America is likely ſoon to be recalled.

By letters from Rhode Iſland we learn that John Robinſon, Eſq; one of the Commiſſioners, after his late elopement, travelled very privately in by ways until he got to Newport, where on Wedneſday laſt he made his publick entry, as much to the ſurpriſe of moſt of the inhabitants as if he had dropped from the clouds. It was even imagined by ſome of the credulous and timid that he had been killed at Boſton, and that the pale and trembling figure preſenting itſelf to view was indeed but the ghoſt of their old friend Jack Robinſon. However, the next morning was found poſted up at the Swing Bridge, on the Long Wharf, an advertiſement to the following purport, viz. "This is to deſire all the true Sons of "Liberty, and none elſe, to appear under Liberty Tree in New-"port at 8 o'clock this evening, to conſult what meaſures are "neceſſary to be taken with the infamous John Robinſon, who "had the impudence to make his publick appearance in our ſtreets "yeſterday, having before he made his elopement boaſted among "his brother Commiſſioners that he could be well ſupported in "the execution of his office at Rhode Iſland, and be fully pro-"tected from the leaſt inſult." At the time and place appointed ſome hundreds, not to ſay thouſands, aſſembled, and went in queſt of Maſter Commiſſioner, to the tavern where it was ſaid he lodged the night before; but after a very diligent ſearch (not by virtue of any writ of aſſiſtance, but by candle light) of the houſe, out-houſes, bales, barrels, meal tubs, trunks, boxes, packs and packages, packed and unpacked, and in ſhort of every hole and corner ſufficient to conceal a ram cat, or a Commiſſioner, they could find neither. On this they returned peaceably to their reſpective habitations, without the leaſt injury to the perſon or property of any man. What is become of Maſter Jacky we cannot, ſays our correſpondent, yet learn. Some think he is gone to Virginia, to inquire if they will not give 10,000 l. ſterling for the beatitudes attendant more immediately on the colony where the American Board is fixed, as it was given out laſt fall that their agent had offered it. Others think he is on his return to Maſſachuſetts,

Where once more pent in William's caſtle,
Be he ſhut up as if in Baſtile!

Laſt night lodged at Dorcheſter John Robinſon, Eſq; and this morning proceeded to the Caſtle.

NEW YORK, *Sept.* 8.

A copy of the RESOLVES ſubſcribed by the merchants in New York, dated the 27th of Auguſt, 1768.

I. THAT we will not ſend for from Great Britain, either upon our own account or on commiſſion, this fall, any other goods than what we have already ordered.

II. That we will not import any kind of merchandiſe from Great Britain, either on our own account or on commiſſion, or any otherwiſe, nor purchaſe from any factor, or others, any kind of goods imported from Great Britain directly, or by way of any of the other colonies, or by way of the Weſt Indies, that ſhall be ſhipped from Great Britain after the firſt day of November, until the acts of Parliament impoſing duties on paper, glaſs, &c. be repealed, except only the articles of coal, ſalt, ſailcloth, wool cards, and card wire, grindſtones, chalk, lead, tin, ſheet copper, and German ſteel.

III. We further agree not to import any kind of merchandiſe from Hamburg and Holland directly from thence, nor by any other way whatever, more than what we have already ordered, except tiles and bricks.

IV. We alſo promiſe to countermand all orders given from Great Britain on or ſince the 16th inſtant, by the firſt conveyance, ordering thoſe goods not to be ſent, unleſs the forementioned duties are taken off.

V. And we further agree that if any perſon or perſons, ſubſcribers hereto, ſhall take any advantage, by importing any kind of goods that are herein reſtricted, directly or indirectly, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this agreement, ſuch perſon or perſons ſhall by us be deemed enemies to their country.

VI. Laſtly, we agree that if any goods ſhall be conſigned or ſent over to us, contrary to our agreement in this ſubſcription, ſuch goods ſo imported ſhall be lodged in ſome publick warehouſe, there to be kept under confinement until the forementioned acts are repealed.

Subſcribed by nearly all the merchants and traders in town.

The following RESOLVES *are agreed to by the tradeſmen of this city, September* 5, 1768.

REFLECTING on the ſalutary meaſures entered into by the people of Boſton, and this city, to reſtrict the importation of goods from Great Britain, until the acts of Parliament laying duties on paper, glaſs, &c. were repealed, and being animated with a ſpirit of liberty, and thinking it our duty to exert ourſelves, by all lawful means, to maintain and obtain our juſt rights and privileges, which we claim under our moſt excellent conſtitution, as Engliſhmen, not to be taxed but by our own conſent, or that of our repreſentatives, and in order to ſupport and ſtrengthen our neighbours, the merchants of this city, we the ſubſcribers, uniting in the common cauſe, do agree to and with each other as follows:

I. That we will not ourſelves purchaſe or take any goods or merchandiſe imported from Europe, by any merchant, directly or indirectly, contrary to the true intent and meaning of an agreement of the merchants of this city on the 27th of Auguſt laſt.

II. That we will not ourſelves, or by any other means, buy any kind of goods from any merchant, ſtorekeeper, or retailer (if any ſuch there be) who ſhall refuſe to join with their brethren in ſigning the ſaid agreement, but that we will uſe every lawful means in our power to prevent our acquaintance from dealing with them.

III. That if any merchant in or from Europe ſhould import any goods, in order to ſell them in this province, contrary to the above agreement, that we ourſelves will by no means deal with ſuch importers, and as far as we can, by all lawful means, endeavour to diſcourage the ſale of ſuch goods.

IV. That we will endeavour to fall upon ſome expedient to make known ſuch importers or retailers as ſhall refuſe to unite in maintaining and obtaining the liberties of their country.

V. That we his Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, inhabitants of the city of New York, being filled with love and gratitude to our preſent moſt gracious ſovereign, and the higheſt veneration for the Britiſh conſtitution, which we unite to plead as our birthright, and are always willing to unite, to ſupport, and maintain, give it as our opinion, and are determined, to deem that perſon who ſhall refuſe to unite in the common cauſe as acting the part of an enemy to the true intereſt of Great Britain and her colonies, and conſequently not deſerving the patronage of merchants or mechanicks."

Sept. 12. An arret and ordinance of the French King was regiſtered at Martinico the 9th of July laſt for eſtabliſhing the port of Carenage, on the iſland of St. Lucia, a free port, to admit of all foreign veſſels, laden with wood of every kind, dying wood, live ſtock and cattle of all kinds, green or tanned hides, ſkins or furs, pitch and tar, alſo rice, Indian corn, beans, peaſe, coffee, cotton, and cocoa, and there to unload and trade with the aforeſaid commodities and merchandiſe, paying the duties ordained by the 2d article of the arret of July 29, 1767.

PHILADELPHIA, *Sept.* 15.

Extract of a letter from a Member of Parliament in England *to his friend in this city, dated May* 31, 1768.

THE prints you ſent afforded me great entertainment. The Farmer's letters I think as well wrote as any political paper I ever read; when I ſay well wrote I mean that his doctrines are expreſſed in a very perſuaſive and manly ſtile, but whether they are altogether orthodox is beyond my capacity to pronounce. It is my firm opinion that notwithſtanding his arguments, or the memorials which have been lately ſent over (which by the by are ſubmiſſive and ſenſible to a degree) the Britiſh Parliament will never give up the right of taxing her own colonies, and I think the Americans will never ſubmit to ſuch an authority, whilſt they have ſuch a writer as the author of the aforeſaid letters to ſtir them up againſt it."

Extract of a letter from London, *June* 11, 1768.

"The Miniſtry, in general, remain preciſely as they were, nor are any changes expected to take place until towards the meeting of Parliament in the winter. What turn things may then take it is impoſſible, at this diſtance, to foretell. Lord Chatham is in pretty good health at his ſeat at Hayes, but ſees no body, and attempts not to meddle with any buſineſs. Lord Bute remains alſo in the ſame ſtate he has been in for ſome time, his health being but ſo ſo; not the better probably for his having become the ſubject of general diſlike, upon what real ground time only can diſcover."

A Gentleman in London writes his friend here that he and ſome others had agreed with Dr. Robertſon for his hiſtory of Charles V. to be printed in three volumes quarto, for which they were to pay him 4000 l. the greateſt price that was ever paid for any book, of almoſt any ſize, ſince the invention of printing.

Capt. Newbold, from Tortola, on the 31ſt ult. in lat. 33, long. 66, ſpoke a ſchooner from Virginia, that had been 22 days out, had loſt her mainmaſt in a hard gale of wind the day after ſhe left the Capes, and was then ſtanding for Bermuda to refit.

Capt. Creighton, from Rotterdam, on the 3d of July ſpoke a ſhip from Virginia, Thomas Somerville maſter, in ſoundings in the Engliſh channel; and on the 15th ult. in lat. 37:15, long. 51:25, ſpoke a brig, Capt. Stowe, belonging to Virginia, from Liſbon for this port, 5 weeks out.

By Capt. Hudſon, arrived at New York, in 7 weeks and 3 days from Cadiz, we learn that the Spaniards had not the leaſt thoughts of a war; that caſh was ſo ſcarce in Spain that there was not a ſufficiency to pay either the navy or army; and that they had not the leaſt account of any Engliſh men of war being expected in the Mediterranean.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 29.

Entered in the diſtrict of Accomack.

AUGUST 1. Succeſs, Preſgrave Kennet, from Barbados, with 25 hhds. of rum, and 7 barrels of muſcovado ſugar.

15. Little Betſey, Zephaniah Brown, from Rhode Iſland, with half a tun of hollow iron ware, and 2 hhds. of moloſſes.

19. Friendſhip, Daniel Sturgis, from Nova Scotia, with 3000 feet of boards, and 143 l. in ſpecie.

20. Peggy, Samuel Wiſe, from Teneriff, in ballaſt.

22. Charming Molly, David Gray, from Philadelphia, with 200 buſhels of ſalt.

26. Leah, John Bradford, from Barbados, with 3 hhds. of rum, 4 barrels of muſcovado ſugar, and 209 l. 12 s. 6d. caſh.

30. Robert, Johannes Watſon, from Philadelphia, with 150 buſhels of ſalt, and a parcel of earthen ware.

Entered in the upper diſtrict of James *river.*

Sept. 21. Induſtry, William Coupland Latimer, from Madeira, with 16 pipes and 2 quarter caſks of Madeira wine.

26. Deſire, Prince Gorham, from Boſton, with 14 barrels of trainoil, 1 barrel of mackerel, 1 barrel of pickled cod, 4 boxes of chocolate, 25 chairs, 3 dozen pails, 3 boxes of ſpermaceti candles, 6 pair of womens ſhoes, 3 hhds. of moloſſes, 4 caſks of raiſins, 1 cheſt and a half of tea, 27 caſks of rum, and 4 caſks of loaf ſugar.

28. Dolphin, Thomas Bowditch, from Salem, with 400 wt. of loaf ſugar, 17 caſks of foreign moloſſes, 16 hhds. of rum, 4 barrels of oil, 15 hhds. of ſalt, 100 wt. of chocolate, 3 barrels of fiſh, and 30 l. caſh.

Cleared.

Sept. 23. Diamond, Thomas Ritchie, for Glaſgow, with 374 hhds. of tobacco, 2 caſks of indigo, and 10,000 ſtaves.

24. Homer, Robert Heaſtie, for Glaſgow, with 303 hhds. of tobacco, 1 hhd. of ſkins, and 9000 ſtaves.

28. Bowler, Robert Joad, for New York, with 2170 buſhels of wheat, 27 buſhels of peaſe, and 1 tun and a half of hemp.

Advertiſements.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 29, 1768.

ONCE more, and for the LAST TIME, I take this method of calling upon all thoſe who are indebted to the publick Treaſury, either for arrears of taxes, tobacco depoſitums, or upon any other account whatever, for their ſeveral balances. If they are not paid very ſpeedily, the duty of my office, ſtrongly enforced by an expreſs order of the Houſe of Burgeſſes, will oblige me rigorouſly to purſue the meaſures preſcribed by law, without reſpect to perſons.

I hope the inſpectors will be more punctual than uſual in ſettling their accounts by the time appointed, otherwiſe it will not be in my power to comply with the purpoſes of the funds ariſing from the inſpection of tobacco.

The ſeveral officers indebted for recruiting money are likewiſe deſired to ſettle their accounts immediately, or their bonds will be put in ſuit.

As it is impoſſible for me to ſupport the credit of the Treaſury in the manner I could wiſh, and ought to do, unleſs the ſeveral duties appropriated to the diſcharge of the publick debts are more punctually paid and accounted for than they have been for ſome time paſt, I muſt alſo recommend this matter to the ſerious attention of all concerned in thoſe branches of the revenue, either as importers or collectors.

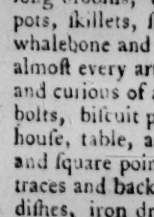
6 RO. C. NICHOLAS, Treaſurer.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 29, 1768.

A BOX marked AC, with a crow's foot between the letters, containing one piece of oſnabrugs and four pieces of linen, was ſhipped by *James Gildart*, Eſq; (as by his letter to me) at *Liverpool*, on board the *Totneſs*, *James Wignell* commander, to be delivered to me at *Williamſburg*; and as the ſhip has ſince ſailed from *Rappahannock* for *Liverpool*, and no account given me of it, I ſhould be obliged to any perſon who can give me any intelligence thereof. It will be further obliging if it could be ſent by any opportunity to *Norfolk* or *York* town, and all charges ſhall be paid by

1 ALEXANDER CRAIG.

To be SOLD, *on reaſonable terms*,



A NEW VESSEL now on the ſtocks, of about 176 tuns, well calculated for the tobacco or *Weſt India* trade, built of the beſt ſeaſoned plank and timber, and can be launched in a few weeks. She may be made a ſhip, ſnow, or brig, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer. Any perſon inclinable to buy may be ſhown her by applying to Meſſ. *Baſſett* and *Alexander Moſeley* in *Norfolk*, or the ſubſcriber in *Princeſs Anne*.

6 EDWARD HACK MOSELEY.

SOLD, *for ready money*, *at* John Greenhow's *ſtore*, Williamſburg,

DRUGS at an unuſual low price, moſt ſorts of woollens, Negro cottons, camletees, ſtuffs, &c. linens of all prices and ſorts, long and clear lawns, cambricks, muſlins, India and figured dimity, white and printed calicoes, &c. oſnabrugs, rolls, tablecloths, diapers, ſheeting, Ruſſia drab, bit linen, bed ticks, bed ſcrews, blankets, perſians, India damaſks, Barcelona handkerchiefs, &c. tea kettles, coffee and chocolate pots with brazed ſpouts, coffee and chocolate mills, bohea, green, congo, and hyſon teas, marking and all other ſorts of threads, worſteds, and ſilks, ſpinet wire, pumice ſtone, rotten ſtone, oil ſtones, powder of do. powder of putty, borax, ſpelter, &c. fiddles, Roman ſtrings, long fiddle ſticks, bugle horns tipt and plain, bugles of various colours, ſpectacles, preſervers, and viſuals of all ſorts, toys of moſt ſorts, tin pans, cantons, kettles, &c. cloſeſtool and bed pans, hard metal and common pewter of moſt ſorts, warming pans, bellows, tongs, hand irons, grates, duſt ſhovels, &c. beſt ſteel plate whip ſaws, croſſcut and hand ſaws, files of almoſt every kind, blackſmiths tools, carpenters tools and moulding planes of every uſeful kind, German, bliſter, and London ſteel, ſeine twine and corks, velvet and common bottle corks, caſe half gallon bottles, logwood, redwood, copperas, verdigriſe, alum, hackles for flax and hemp, tow cards, cotton, wool and ſtock cards, ſtone diſhes, plates, turennes, &c. china bowls, tea cups, coffee and chocolate cups, cuſtard cups, tart moulds, &c. glaſs and earthen ware of all ſorts, myrtle wax, candleſticks, lamps, oils, paints, window glaſs, hinges, nails, and almoſt every material for building, chapes and tongs for ſilver ſhoe and knee buckles of moſt ſizes, materials for ſaddlers, harneſs makers, ſilverſmiths, and watchmakers, of almoſt all ſorts, moſt kind of tools for plantation uſe, books and ſtationary ware, crucibles and blue pots, box combs and bruſhes, table knives, muſtard ſpoons, cutlery, ſhoemakers tools, ſilver thimbles, tailors ſhears and neat ſciſſors, gun ſcrews, oil flints, watch cryſtals and main ſprings, ſago, ſalop, barley, rice, grots, ſplit peas, plums, currants, almonds, anchovies, olives, capers, ſweetmeats, candies, barley ſugar, nutmegs, cloves, mace, cinnamon, pepper, ſpice, ginger, &c. wine by the pipe, cask, gallon, or quart, vinegar, moloſſes, old ſpirits, white and brown ſugar, tar, ſalt, currying knives, coopers tools, garden rakes, long brooms, clamps, bruſhes, hair pencils, Indian ink, iron pots, ſkillets, ſalamanders, Dutch ovens, baking hoes of all ſizes, whalebone and other ſtay goods, deſk furniture, caſtors, and almoſt every article for the cabinet makers buſineſs, locks ſimple and curious of all ſorts, braſs knob and common door latches and bolts, biſcuit pans and tin ſheets, dog collars, ſmoothing irons, houſe, table, and cow bells, ſteel ſpurs, cock gaffs, Whitechapel and ſquare pointed needles, pound pins, ſithes and ſickles, chair traces and backbands, beaver and vermin traps, ſquare chaffing-diſhes, iron dripping pans, irons ſpoons and ladles, ſheet iron, iron backs and dogs, cart, tumbrel, and chair boxes, ſhoe heels and lafts, Negro ſhoes, ſurveyors inſtruments, livery lace, and almoſt every other uſeful article that can be thought of.

On the 3d Thurſday *in* November, *at* Culpeper *court-houſe, being court day, will be expoſed to ſale,*

THREE thouſand acres of LAND, lying at the foot of the *Double Top* mountain, in *Culpeper* county, altogether or in parcels, as will beſt ſuit purchaſers. This land is in good order, has four plantations on it fitted with every neceſſary houſe, and other conveniences for cropping. An indiſputable title will be made the purchaſer, on giving bond with approved ſecurity to Meſſ. *Capel* and *Oſgood Hanbury*, of *London*, merchants. Mr. *James Balfour*, their attorney, will attend the ſale, and allow twelve months credit for the payment of the money.

5 PHILIP ROOTES.

RUN away from my forge, in *King* and *Queen* county, laſt *Friday* night, a Negro man ſlave named DICK, by trade a blackſmith, about 4 feet 8 inches high, a well ſet black fellow, and had on very good clothing. I have the greateſt reaſon to ſuſpect he intends to make his eſcape by water, as he is in company with that noted villain Mr. *Benjamin Grymes's Cambridge*. Whoever apprehends the ſaid ſlave, and contrives him to me in *King William* county, or to Mr. *John Ellis* at the forge, ſhall have 5 l. reward.

BERNARD MOORE.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber in *Charles City*, about the middle of JULY 1767, a well made mulatto fellow named *Daniel*, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high. He has a forged paſs, and paſſes for a freeman, by the name of *Daniel Cumbo*. Whoever conveys the ſaid ſlave to me ſhall have FIVE POUNDS if taken in the colony, and TEN POUNDS if out thereof.—— The ſaid ſlave is outlawed. JOHN BOWRY.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 18, 1768.

COMMITTED to *James City* priſon, a *Virginia* born Negro fellow named HARRY, adverti ſed in Mr. *Rind*'s Gazette as belonging to *Henry Broadnax* of *Dinwiddie* county, who is deſired to ſend for him, and pay charges to Tf WILLIAM LANE, Gaoler.

COMMITTED to the gaol of SUSSEX county, a Negro man who ſays his name is JACK, about 5 feet 7 inches high, has on a cotton jacket and a pair of broadcloth breeches, and ſays he belongs to *Thomas Fields* of *North Carolina*. The owner may have him by applying to the gaol of the ſaid county, and paying charges.

Tf JOHN WALKER, Gaoler.

TAKEN up, in *Amelia*, a black horſe, about 4 feet 6 or 7 inches high, with a hanging mane and bob tail, has ſome ſaddle ſpots, ſome white in his face, and branded on the near buttock X; poſted, and appraiſed to 6 l.

WILLIAM HURT.

TAKEN up, in *Mecklenburg*, a black horſe, about 4 feet 5 or 6 inches high, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, a blaze in his face, his left hind foot white, had a bell on, and branded on the near buttock D; poſted, and appraiſed to 5 l. 10 s. EDWARD DAVIS.

TAKEN up, in *Mecklenburg*, a ſorrel mare, about 4 feet 5 inches high, about 10 or 12 years old, with a large blaze in her face, a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, paces and trots, but not branded; poſted, and appraiſed to 40 s.

JOHN POPE.

THIS is to give notice to all adventurers in my lottery that it will certainly be drawn on the 2d day of *November* next, according to my former advertiſement. The lots are all laid off as near as poſſible to the ſcheme, and I do aſſure all concerned that moſt of the lots are undervalued. As a further encouragement I have thrown in the houſes at *Belvidere*, with ſome other advantages. I beg the favour of thoſe Gentlemen who were ſo good as to take the trouble of tickets to diſpoſe of for me to ſend thoſe that remain on hand to *Williamſburg* by the 25th day of *October*. I likewiſe muſt entreat all perſons who have bought tickets to ſend their money to *Williamſburg* by the day of drawing.

W. BYRD.

YORK TOWN, *Sept.* 20, 1768.

MR. *William Cary* of this town having declined my buſineſs on account of its interfering with his own, I think proper to give publick notice of the ſame, and that I have employed two Gentlemen for that purpoſe, *viz.* Mr. *William Gooſley* of this county, and Mr. *Cornelius Livingſton* of *Glouceſter* county. I preſume that all perſons indebted to my father will ſettle with either of thoſe Gentlemen, by giving bond and ſecurity for their debts, or immediately diſcharging the ſame; which propoſals if they do not think proper to conſent to I will order ſuits to be brought againſt them, without further notice. J. H. NORTON.

CUMBERLAND, *Sept.* 8, 1768.

WHEREAS my wife *Agnes* has eloped from my bed, and robbed me of things of conſiderable valne, and I expect will endeavour to run me in debt, I therefore forewarn all perſons from dealing with her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.

2 WILLIAM CLAY.

IMPORTED in the *Brilliant*, Captain *Moſes Robertſon*, from *London*, three BOXES, *viz.* One with no mark that can be diſtinguiſhed, but believe it contains *Iriſh* linens; RF, with a crow's foot between the letters, No. 5, a ſmall deal box; BWI, with a crow's foot between the B and W, a ſmall deal box. The owners of the above goods may have them on paying the charge of this advertiſement, by applying to me in *York*. WILLIAM CARY.

Juſt imported in the John *and* Mary, *and to be* SOLD *at a low advance, for ready money, or ſhort credit,*

A WELL aſſorted cargo of WOOLLENS, in ſmall packages from 60 to 90 l. ſterling each, conſiſting of BROADCLOTHS, BEARSKINS, DUFFILS, FRIEZES, PLAINS, with ſuitable TRIMMINGS; alſo KERSEYS, HALFTHICKS, COTTONS, DUTCH and BED BLANKETS. Tf STORRS & ELLIS.

To be SOLD, *on* Thurſday *the* 10*th of* November *next,*

A LOT, with a large DWELLING-HOUSE, fronting the main ſtreet in *Suffolk*, containing 11 rooms and 6 fire places, with a good garden, and all neceſſary out-houſes, thereon. And on the oppoſite ſide of the ſtreet another LOT, with a good dwelling houſe, kitchen, and garden. Alſo another LOT adjoining it, with a convenient ſhop on it. For terms inquire of RUTH RAWLINGS.

To be SOLD, *on* Monday *the* 31*ſt of* Oct. *next, before Mr.* Hay's *door in* Williamſburg,

ABOUT fifty choice SLAVES, men, women, boys, and girls; belonging to *Armiſtead Lightfoot*, and taken in execution to ſatisfy ſeveral judgments of *York* court. The ſale to begin at 3 o'clock.

6 WILLIAM MITCHELL, S. S.

I HOPE all thoſe indebted to me, and particularly ſuch as I have been obliged to pay money for, will take notice of the above advertiſement. A. LIGHTFOOT.

BROKE out of *Elizabeth City* priſon, the 13th of this inſtant *(Sept.)* BOB, a ſlim Negro man, about 6 feet high, and 22 years old; together with another Negro man, ſuppoſed to belong to *Maryland*. They carried away with them a Negro named *Harry*, near the ſame age, ſhort and thick, a little more than 5 feet high, having on a pair of red pluſh breeches, a hat bound with black ferret, and ſtole and carried away an almoſt new pair of black ſhoes, with large block tin buckles. The ſaid *Harry* has ſome ſcars of a ſcald head, and ſome cuts acroſs his belly, being lately whipped by order of court. They ſtole a large canoe, and are ſuppoſed to have croſſed *James* river, but may make for *Poropotank*, where they are both well acquainted. Whoever takes up, and brings to *Celey*'s, in *Elizabeth City*, the ſaid ſlaves *Bob* and *Harry*, ſhall have 40 s. reward on their being delivered to Tf WILSON CARY.

WILLIAM WILLIS,

Gunſmith from Birmingham,

INFORMS the publick that he has lately opened ſhop near the playhouſe, where he intends to carry on his buſineſs in all its branches. Thoſe who chooſe to employ him may depend on receiving full ſatisfaction, and have their work done in the beſt manner, and with the greateſt deſpatch.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 22, 1768.

To be SOLD, *to the higheſt bidder, at the ſubſcriber's houſe in* Peterſburg, *on* Thurſday *the* 13*th of* October *next,*

ALL his HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, with many other articles too tedious to mention. Six months credit will be allowed for all ſums above 25 s. on giving bond and ſecurity.

The ſubſcriber has for ſale a few tracts of good tobacco LAND, with improvements thereon, in *Charlotte*, *Lunenburg*, and *Cheſterfield*. Likewiſe a large commodious HOUSE and LOTS, with all conveniences thereon, adjoining *Peterſburg*, ſuitable either for a merchant or a tavern. Alſo a complete tanyard, with all the improvements thereon for carrying on that buſineſs. The premiſes may be entered upon immediately, and the time of payment will be made eaſy to the purchaſer; and, ſhould it be more convenient, tobacco will be taken for pay.

All thoſe indebted to him are deſired to make immediate payment; and as he intends for *Great Britain* in a few months, no longer indulgence can be given.——All perſons who have any demands againſt him are deſired to apply and receive payment.

4 RICHARD HANSON.

N. B. At the ſame time will be ſold, for ready money, a large quantity of LEATHER, belonging to the eſtate of *William Smithſon*, deceaſed.

RICHARD HANSON, Admr.

To be SOLD, *on* Monday *the* 10*th of* October *next, in* Port Royal, *to the higheſt bidder,*

A TRACT of LAND, containing about 300 acres, adjoining the ſaid town. The land is very good, has on it a large new dwelling-houſe and all other neceſſary houſes, and is pleaſantly ſituated on the bank of the river. Credit will be given for half of the purchaſe money until *October* 1769, and for the other until *October* 1770. At the ſame time and place will be ſold, on the ſame terms, another tract of LAND, containing 300 acres, lying about 5 miles back from *Port Royal*, convenient to trade, court, and ſeveral mills. JAMES GILLISON.

RUN away from *John Bell*, at *Portſmouth*, a Negro man named SOLOMON, the property of *Andrew Sprowle*, of *Goſport*. He is a likely young fellow, about 18 years of age, talks much, will pretend to be a free man, and a blackſmith, having ſerved *John Bell* ſome year. Whoever brings him to *Goſport* ſhall have 40 s. reward, if taken up at any diſtance; or if any perſon can prove his being carried out of the colony, ſo as the offender can be convicted thereof, ſhall have 5 l. reward.

2 ANDREW SPROWLE.

TAKEN up, in *Suſſex*, a brindled cow, marked with a crop, undercut, and hole, in the right ear, and overkeel in the left; alſo a pied yearling, unmarked; poſted, and appraiſed to 45 s.

MILDRED HILL.

TAKEN up, in *Cheſterfield*, a bay mare, 4 feet 4 inches high, with a ſtar in her forehead, has ſome white ſpots on her off ſide, and branded on the near buttock HI; poſted, and appraiſed to 4 l.

EDWARD WORSHAM.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover*, a large brindled cow, marked with a crop and ſlit in the right ear, and a crop in the left; poſted, and appraiſed to 30 s.

DAVID COSBY.

To be RENTED *for one Year, or* LEASED *for a Term of Years,*

THE noted ORDINARY formerly kept by *James Mills*, dec. in *King William* county, which is as publickly ſituated as any ordinary whatever, where all travellers to *Williamſburg*, that paſs through the ſaid county, go by the door. It is to be entered upon next New Year's day, and the terms may be known by applying to me in ſaid county.

Tf ROGER GREGORY.

To be SOLD, *on* Wedneſday *the* 5*th of* Oct. *next, at the ſubſcriber's plantation, in* James City *county,*

SUNDRY ſorts of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, the ſtock of CATTLE, ſeveral likely NEGROES, and 387 acres of LAND, with ſundry improvements thereon.—— Twelve months credit will be allowed for all ſums above 30 s. except for the land, for which 100 l. muſt be paid down, and credit for the remainder, the purchaſer giving bond and good ſecurity to

ALEXANDER WALKER.

To be SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of LAND, on *Fifting Creek*, in *Edgcumbe* county, *North Carolina*, containing about 550 acres. There are two plantations on the land, with very good apple and peach orchards of early and latter fruit. The land is good for corn, wheat, tobacco, or indigo, and is convenient to trade and mill, and may be entered upon immediately. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes.

ROBERT COTTEN.

To be SOLD, *on the Premiſes, on* Tueſday *the* 1*ſt of* November *next, for* READY MONEY,

A TRACT of LAND in the county of *Glouceſter*, where Capt. *Gwyn Reade*, deceaſed, formerly lived; whereon is a good brick dwelling-houſe with four rooms on a floor, and other convenient houſes. The ſituation is beautiful, and the land extremely good. At the ſame time will be ſold the STOCKS of CATTLE, *&c.*

DOROTHY ARMISTEAD, Executrix.
ROBERT READE, Executor.

CABIN POINT, *Sept.* 16, 1768.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, the 22d of *Auguſt* laſt, a Negro boy named FREDERICK, about 16 years of age, of a yelloviſh complexion, bow legged, and remarkable large feet, ſtammers much when affrighted, at other times ſpeaks plain and faſt. He had on when he went away a light coloured duroy coat, green everlaſting breeches, a double breaſted green veſt, coarſe blue ribbed hoſe, a pair of turned pumps with buckles, a felt hat, and other clothes I underſtand he had in a bundle, though I expect he will change all his cloth[es]. He is an artful cunning fellow. He likes to be among ho[rſes], and is fond of riding races. He was at Mr. *Andrew Mackie*'s, in *Iſle of Wight* county, about two or three days after he went away, and told him he belonged to Mr. *Adam Fleming* of *Norfolk*, and had been ſent expreſs to *Cabin Point* and loſt his horſe, upon which Mr. *Mackie* gave him an open line to paſs to Mr. *Fleming*. I afterwards heard of him getting on board a craft going down the river at *Sleepy Hole*. I have ſome ſuſpicion he will endeavour to get on board ſome veſſel and go out of the colony as a free man. All maſters of veſſels are cautioned againſt carrying him out. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſlave, [and] conveys him to me, ſhall be well rewarded for his trouble.

Tf WILLIAM HEATH.

KING's CREEK, *York* county, *Sept.* 14, 1768.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, about three months ago, a tall black Negro fellow named GABY, about 40 years old, round ſhouldered, bends in one of his knees (which I have forgot) is very ſubject to ſore legs, has very long feet, and had on when he left me the uſual winter clothing of corn field Negroes. He has a wife at Mr. *Robert Nicolſon*'s in *Williamſburg*, where (in all probability) he may be ſecreted by her. He is outlawed, and a reward of TEN POUNDS will be given for his head, or TWENTY SHILLINGS, if ſafely delivered to

JAMES BURWELL.

TAKEN up, in *Cumberland*, a dark bay mare, about 4 feet 9 inches high, with a roached mane and ſcraped tail, ſome ſaddle ſpots, and a dark ſpot on the left ſide of her face, but no brand perceivable; poſted, and appraiſed to 8 l.

ARTHUR MOSELEY, Sen.

TAKEN up, in *Surry*, a roan horſe, about 4 feet 4 or 5 inches high, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, and branded on the off buttock X; poſted, and appraiſed to 30 s.

HENRY DAVIS.

THE ſubſcriber begs leave to inform the publick that in *October* next he intends to eſtabliſh a PACKET BOAT to go from *Portſmouth* and *Norfolk* to *Williamſburg* every *Wedneſday*, and return on *Saturday*. She is a fine ſailer, and will be furniſhed with the beſt accommodations for paſſengers. Attendance will be given on *Tueſdays* at *Stephen Tankard*'s wharf for taking in goods, and every thing will be made as agreeable as poſſible to thoſe Gentlemen who will favour him with their cuſtom. In the time of the General Courts other boats will be ready to carry paſſengers up or down, on any day.

4 JOHN GOODRICH.

To be SOLD *on reaſonable terms, for caſh or good bills of exchange,*

A SEA SCHOONER, of about eighty tuns burthen, two years old, and now fit to take a cargo in.

Alſo a SLOOP, of fifty tuns burthen, now on the ſtocks, and may be launched in three weeks.

Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the terms by applying to the ſubſcriber in *Kingſton* pariſh, *Glouceſter* county.

Tf ROBERT BILLUPS.

POETS CORNER.

The JEST, *or* CUPID *outwitted.*

A WHIM of late my fancy seiz'd,
In love I vow'd I would be;
The little god was hugely pleas'd,
But wonder'd how it could be:
For well he knew this heart of mine
Had foil'd his keenest arrows,
And equal held the power divine
Of Venus and her sparrows.
Yet still on mischief fully bent
He toil'd him much and bustled,
And long to thwart this odd intent
His brains he rack'd and puzzled;
At last he mark'd with joy supreme
The dulness of my hearing,
And straight a most malicious scheme
His wickedness was clear in:
Away he flew, both round and square,
To girls of all conditions,
And in the bosom of the fair
Suggested strange suspicions.
My words, he said, though grave enough,
In downright jest were spoken.
My vows were mere extempore stuff,
Made only to be broken.
Did I with argument sincere
E'er strive to undeceive them,
With voice for me too faint to hear,
'Twas, Ladies, don't believe him.
Thus baffled in each amorous suit,
And, 'reft of all my credit,
How then can I the charge refute,
When godlike Cupid said it?
Yet in the midst of many a wound
That in my aching breast are,
A sovereign balsam still is found
To heal them e'er they fester:
For trust me when I do protest
To wed I'm not so stupid;
In truth 'twas nothing but a jest,
So farewell master Cupid.

BE QUIET. *A* SONG.

'TOTHER day I met Jenny and flew to her arms,
Without an intention to riot;
But she with a frown, and a toss of her head,
Cried, honest man, prithee be quiet.
I seiz'd on her hands and saluted them both,
Her feet I was ready to die at;
But still more disdainful she bid me forbear,
And not pester her, but be quiet.
No one, she went on, should by me be caress'd,
Who each common hunter would fly at;
And said that a maiden of spirit and sense
Should compel every rake to be quiet.
When I dwelt upon marriage and regular life,
The scheme she approv'd, and would try it,
And seem'd so well pleas'd she never once thought
To bid me thereafter be quiet.

TAKEN up, in *Surry*, a black horse, about 10 years old, 4 feet 6 or 7 inches high, his mane appears to have been roached and his tail bobbed some time ago, has a shoe on the left fore foot, but no brand perceivable; posted, and appraised to 4 l.

HARTWELL COCKE.

To be SOLD *at vendue, on* Saturday *the* 1*st of* October *next, on the premises,*

A PLANTATION in NANSEMOND county, at *South Key* bridge, on *Blackwater*, containing about 130 acres, on which is a dwelling-house 32 by 24, with four rooms on a floor, and a brick cellar, all suitable out-houses, a young thriving orchard, and every thing in good repair; also a store-house, and two new warehouses 30 by 20 each, with 10 foot sheds on every side. The situation is well known to be convenient for trade, being on a very publick road, and contiguous to a very considerable scope of a well settled country. There is nine feet water up to the warehouses, and as the landing is within 20 miles land carriage, and the most convenient to navigation on *Nansemond* river, considerable advantage will be yearly made by storing pork, tobacco, &c. intended from *Roanoke*, and the other rivers in *North Carolina*, for *Virginia*.

At the same time will be sold a PLANTATION, within three miles of the former, late the property of *Michael Daughtree*, containing about 200 acres, on which is a new dwelling-house, out-houses, orchard, &c. well fenced, and in good order for cropping.

There will likewise be sold a likely young Negro fellow, some horses, cattle, hogs, household furniture, &c.

Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchasers, on giving bond and security to

JAMES GIBSON, } Trustees.
JOHN DRIVER, }

9

To be SOLD, *at private sale,*

SIX thousand five hundred acres of Land, in *Charles City* county, pleasantly situated on *James* river; four acres of land, with a water grist mill, on *Moyser*'s creek, in the same county; and 2000 acres of land in *Halifax* county. They will be sold altogether or in lots, as may best suit the purchasers. These lands were the estate of Mr. *William Kennon*, and are conveyed to us (with others his trustees) for the benefit of his creditors. As the sale of these lands has been before advertised, but not effected, it may not be improper to assure the publick that an absolute disposal of them is now intended, and that we shall at all times be ready to receive proposals for the whole or any part thereof. Mr. *John Christian*, who lives thereon, will show the lands in *Charles City*.

RICHARD RANDOLPH.
Tf JAMES BELSCHES.
JERMAN BAKER.

To be SOLD *at vendue, on* Monday *the* 12*th of* September *next, at* Suffolk, *being* Nansemond *court day,*

TWO valuable Plantations, in the said county, containing about 300 acres each. The first below and adjoining *Suffolk* town, the situation high, extremely pleasant, and very convenient for publick business, having a wharf with a large warehouse on the river, and several good landings upon a creek which bounds the plantation on the east side; a good deal of the land is cleared, and in order for cropping. The pasturage is very plentiful, and a large marsh, which by some ditching may be made very valuable.

The other plantation lies within half a mile of the former, adjoining Col. *Riddick*'s lands, and the *Great Dismal* swamp. The land is extremely rich, and capable of any production that can be expected from a fertile soil; it also abounds with large white oaks, and some cypress. The pasturage is luxuriant, and has the advantage of a reed range joining it, by which almost any number of cattle might be kept in full flesh through the winter without any other assistance. Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchasers, on giving bond and security.

Those two plantations will be sold separate, or together, as may best suit the purchasers.

There will also be sold, on the same credit, at *Hartford* court, *North Carolina*, on the first *Tuesday in November* next, being court day, a plantation in the same county, on both sides of *Chowan* river, containing about 580 acres, on which is a well accustomed ferry, and a fine fishery, where very large quantities of herrings, shads, and other fish may be caught in the season; the low grounds are very rich, and an extraordinary fine range contiguous.

Any person wanting a more particular information may apply to *Gibson* and *Granbery* in *Suffolk*, or the subscriber on the first mentioned premises.

Tf JOHN REID.

RUN away from the subscriber in *Goochland*, last *July*, a tall slim black *Virginia* born fellow named DICK, about 35 years old, has a surly look, and remarkable red eyes; had the usual clothing of labouring Negroes, and is supposed to be harboured in MIDDLESEX county, where he formerly lived. He is very sensible, and will endeavour to impose upon the publick, and pass for a freeman; and as I have been lately informed that he intends to leave the colony, I must therefore entreat all commanders of vessels, and others, that if such a person should offer his service they will have him secured and delivered to the subscriber, who will give FIVE POUNDS reward.

Tf LEONARD PRICE.

To be SOLD, *and* DELIVERED *immediately,*

A DOUBLE decked vessel, now on the stocks, which can be finished in a short time. She is about 110 tuns, built by a prime hand from *Boston*, will carry a great burthen, and is esteemed a very fine vessel. For terms apply to

Tf BENJAMIN HARRISON.

To be SOLD *on very reasonable terms, altogether or in parcels, and may be entered on next fall,*

THREE thousand six hundred and four acres of well timbered and watered LAND, lying on both sides *Meherrin* river, in the counties of *Lunenburg* and *Mecklenburg*, about 75 miles from *Petersburg*, great part of which is very fine tobacco land, and on the rest there is an excellent range for stock. Any person inclinable to purchase may be shown the same by applying to *William Naish*, on the premises. For terms inquire of Col. *Archibald Cary* in *Chesterfield* county, Mr. *Bathurst Skelton* in *Charles City*, Mr. *Thomas Fleming*, Mr. *William Fleming*, or the subscriber, in *Cumberland* county.

Tf SUSANNA FLEMING.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR disposing of 146 LOTS of LAND, in the town of *Hanover*, yet remaining unsold. The least valuable of the lots, according to the prices of those most remote from the river, which have been sold, not being less than 20 l. which is far below what was given for several near the river.

	Lots.	Val.	Rents.
Inspection at *Page*'s, five lots, at 12 years purchase,		L. 840	L. 70
Do. at *Crutchfield*'s, six lots, at do.		720	60
		L. 1560	130
Lots unimproved, each half an acre, at 20 l.	135	2700	
		L. 4260	130
137 Prizes,	137		
263 Blanks.			
400 Tickets, at 10 l. each,		L. 4000	

The said lottery will be drawn at Mr. ANTHONY HAY'S, in *Williamsburg*, as soon as the tickets are all sold, of which notice shall be given in the VIRGINIA GAZETTE

Those who do not pay for their tickets on the day of drawing may give bond, to carry interest from that time.

Robert Carter Nicholas, George Wythe, Thomas Everard, John Thompson, and *Jerman Baker*, Esquires, managers, or any three, of whom tickets may be had, and of the subscriber.

Tf MANN PAGE.

A SCHEME,

For disposing of, by way of LOTTERY, *the* LAND *and* TENEMENTS *under mentioned, being the entire towns of* Rocky Ridge *and* Shockoe, *lying at the Falls of* James *river, and the land thereunto adjoining.*

THE advantageous situation of this estate is too well known to require a particular description, though it may be necessary to inform the publick that the obstructions through the Falls, and in other parts of the river above, will shortly be removed, and the river made navigable to the said towns: The navigation will thereby be extended, and made both safe and easy for upwards of two hundred miles above the said Falls, and a communication opened to the western frontier of the middle colonies, whereby there will not be more than sixty or seventy miles portage from *James* river to the *Ohio*; so that the immense treasure of that valuable country must necessarily be brought to market to one or other of the aboveaid towns, which will occasionally raise the rents, and enhance the value, of the lands and tenements under mentioned, beyond the powers of conception.

	Lots.	Value.	Rents.
A double forge, a mill, with two acres and a half of land adjoining, the use of the landing, the canal, with ten feet on each side, and 2000 acres of back land, the furthest part of which is not more than five miles from the forge,		L. 8000	
Inspection at *Rocky Ridge*, at 12 years purchase,		780	L. 65
James Lyle, his tenement, at do.		540	45
Archibald Buchanan, at do.		540	45
Alexander Stewart, at do.		510	42 10
Elizabeth Todd, at do.		480	40
Robert Gordon, at do.		90	7 10
Joseph Hopkins, at do.		60	5
John Shackelton, at do.		36	3
James Gunn, formerly rented to *Thomas Yuille*,		540	45
Ferry on the south side, at 20 years purchase, with half an acre of land on the bank,		2000	100
A fishery on the south side, at 20 years do.		600	30
Number of improved lots,	12	L. 14,176	L. 428
Lots unimproved, each half an acre, to be laid off in a town convenient to the river, with publick landings, at 25 l. each,	300	7500	
The amount of lots on the south side of *James* river, in *Chesterfield* county,	312	L. 21,676	L. 428
Shockoe inspection, at 12 years purchase,		L. 780	L. 65
Byrd's do. at do.		780	65
Watson's, at do.		720	60
James Buchanan, at do.		720	60
Patrick Coutts, at do.		420	35
George Ellis, at do.		120	10
James M'Dowell, at do.		480	40
David Ross, at do.		480	40
Thomas Younghusband, at do.		540	45
James Rozer, at do.		60	5
James Howling, at do.		60	5
John M'Keind, at do.		144	12
M'Pherson & Menzies, at do.		420	35
James Daley, at do.		36	3
Lewis Warwick, at do.		60	5
Ferry, at 20 years do.		2000	100
Fishery, at 20 years do.		2000	100
Number of improved lots,	17	L. 9820	L. 685
10,000 acres of land, to be laid off in lots of 100 acres each, valued at 30 s. per acre,	100	15,000	
10 islands, on some of which are very valuable fisheries,	10	300	
Lots unimproved, valued at 25 l. each,	400	10,000	
The amount of lots on the north side of *James* river,	527	L. 35,120	L. 685
The amount of lots on the south side of do. as above,	312	21,676	428
839 Prizes.	839	L. 56,796	L. 1113
9161 Blanks.			
10,000 Tickets, at 5 l. each,		L. 50,000	

The said lottery will certainly be drawn at *Williamsburg* in NOVEMBER next, under the management and direction of the Hon. PRESLY THORNTON, Esq; PEYTON RANDOLPH, JOHN PAGE, CHARLES CARTER, and CHARLES TURNBULL, Esquires, trustees for the same, who will execute conveyances for the prizes drawn by the fortunate adventurers in this lottery. Tickets to be had of the trustees, also of Col. ARCHIBALD CARY, JOHN WAYLES, and the subscriber.

W. BYRD.

ALL Persons may be supplied with this PAPER at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) inserted in it for 3*s.* the first Week, and 2*s.* each Week after. —— *,* All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition.